

# MAINS POWERED SMOKE ALARMS & HEAT ALARMS

## COVERS

- Simple Fitting Instructions
- Location Guide
- User Information
- Basic Fire Safety Tips
- Simple Maintenance Instructions

## MODELS:

IONISATION SMOKE ALARMS  
**670MBX, 670MRL, 770MBX and 770MRL**

THERMALLY ENHANCED OPTICAL SMOKE ALARMS  
**660MBX, 660MRL, 760MBX and 760MRL**

HEAT ALARMS  
**690MBX, 690MRL, 790MBX and 790MRL**

220-240VAC (V)  
MAINS POWERED ALARMS  
CLASS II APPARATUS



## IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ AND RETAIN THIS OWNERS MANUAL

When installing this alarm for use by others, please leave this manual or a copy with the end user.

**BRK**  
THE PROFESSIONAL STANDARD

## OWNER'S MANUAL

BRK Brands Europe Ltd,  
Distributed by Sprue Safet  
Products Ltd,  
Unit 6, Carter Court  
Davy Way  
Waterwells Business Park  
Quedgeley  
Gloucester,  
GL2 2DE  
United Kingdom

GN2706/R2

## CHECKS BEFORE USE

**670MBX, 770MBX, 660MBX, 760MBX, 690MBX and 790MBX:**

- Check battery has been fitted correctly.
- Check alarm is not beeping.
- Test alarm before switching on the electricity supply.

All Alarms:

- Check the green light is on (behind the front grill).
- Check the red light flashes every 45 seconds or so.
- When testing linked alarms check that they all interconnect within 10 second

## A: GUIDANCE ON INSTALLATION

**WARNING:** Wiring should be installed by a qualified electrician in accordance with BS7671. Permanent connection to the fixed wiring of the building should be made in a suitable junction box. This alarm must not be exposed to dripping or splashing. Connect the alarm as late as possible in an installation, particularly in new build, to avoid contamination. Remove the dust cover before applying power.

**NOTE:** For detailed guidance on the siting of this alarm refer to section C of this handbook.

**IMPORTANT:** The circuit used to power the alarm must be a 24 hour voltage circuit that cannot be turned off by a switch, BS5839 Part 6 states that: -

For mains powered alarms, each with an integral standby supply (Grade D), the mains electricity supply should take the form of either:

- a) an independent circuit at the dwelling's main circuit board, in which case no other electrical equipment should be connected to this circuit (other than a dedicated monitoring device installed to indicate failure of the mains electricity supply to the alarms); or
- b) a separately electrically protected, regularly used local lighting circuit.

For mains powered alarms, with no standby supply (Grade E), the mains electricity supply may only take the form of an independent circuit as per a) above. If it is necessary to use an RCD for protection, it should operate independently of any RCD protection for circuits supplying sockets or portable equipment. All interconnected alarms should be installed on a single final circuit.

an alarm and may prevent occupants from hearing an alarm on the other side of a closed door. Install sufficient alarms to compensate for closed doors and other obstacles.

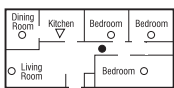
9. Your local fire brigade or insurance company may be able to give you further advice. Call them and ask. Further help and information may also be found in BS5839 Part 6 and the Fire Safety guidance given by the Department of Transport, Local Government and the Regions (DTLR).

**IMPORTANT:** These smoke and heat alarms are intended primarily for use in single-family occupancy private dwellings. For use in other applications the manufacturers advice should be sought. **LOCATIONS TO AVOID**

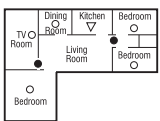
**DO NOT** locate alarms: -

1. In turbulent air from fans, heaters, doors, windows, etc.
2. In high humidity areas such as bathrooms and shower rooms or where the temperature exceeds 39°C (100°F) or falls below 5°C (40°F)

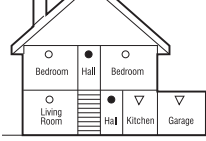
**Single storey,  
one sleeping area**



**Single storey,  
two sleeping areas**



**Two storey  
dwelling**



- Smoke alarms for limited protection
- Additional smoke alarms for better coverage
- ▽ Heat alarms

3. At the peak of an 'A' frame ceiling – dead air at the top may prevent smoke and heat from reaching the alarm to provide an early warning.
4. Less than 300mm (12 inches) from a wall when mounted on the ceiling.
5. In insect infested areas. Tiny insects may affect performance.
6. (Smoke alarms) in poorly ventilated kitchen or garage. Combustion particles from cooking or car exhaust could trigger a nuisance alarm
7. In very dusty or dirty areas – dirt and excessive dust can impair the performance of the alarm.
8. Within 300mm (12 inches) of a light fitting or room corners.
9. In locations that would make routine testing or maintenance hazardous. (e.g. over a stairwell).
10. On poorly insulated walls or ceilings.
11. Near objects such as ceiling decorations that might impede the path of smoke or heat to the alarm.
12. Within 1500mm (5 feet) of a fluorescent light fitting and keep wiring at least 1000mm (39 inches) from these fittings. Do not install alarms on circuits containing fluorescent light fittings or dimmer switches.

Further help and information may be found in BS5839 Part 6

## D: USER INFORMATION

### Features

- Operating Lights – A continuous green light indicates the alarm is receiving mains power. The red light doubles as an alarm source indicator and flashes approximately every 45 seconds to confirm circuitry integrity.
- Alarm Source Indicator – Red light will flash every second in the unit originating the alarm. Red lights on other alarms flash every 45 seconds.
- Alarm Pause – Silence your smoke alarm by momentarily pressing the test button. Ideal when non-emergency smoke (e.g. cooking fumes) cause nuisance alarms. Red light flashes every ten seconds to remind you that the alarm has been silenced. After 10 minutes the alarm will automatically reset and the LED will continue to flash once every 45 seconds.

### Be Prepared

Smoke and heat alarms properly installed and maintained are an essential part of a good home fire safety programme. Review fire hazards and eliminate dangerous conditions wherever possible. When fire strikes a prepared and practiced escape plan could prove vital. Your local fire brigade may be willing to advise you. Call them and ask. Consider and discuss the following safety hints:

- Ensure everyone is familiarized with the alarm signal.
- Always test doors with your hands before flinging them open. If they feel warm, fire may be walled up behind them – leave closed and find another escape route.
- Don't waste time collecting possessions. Rouse all occupants and leave the building; your life is more valuable.
- **GET OUT, STAY OUT, GET THE FIRE BRIGADE OUT!**

**NOTE:** The maximum interconnect wiring length is 250 metres. The maximum number of alarms interconnected together is 12. BRK smoke & heat alarms should not be connected to any model produced by another manufacturer. The location of the alarms must comply with the applicable building codes and the advice in section C: WHERE TO LOCATE below.

## B: INSTALLATION

(See fig 1,2, and 3)

### For surface mounting 670, 660 & 690 series alarms

1. Use either of the methods of installation shown in Fig1 and 2.

When selecting cable for connecting interlinked smoke alarms the interlink wire should be treated as live.

The installation method shown in Fig 1 is suitable for a plasterboard or similar ceiling where access to the void behind it is available and suitable to mount the junction box.

2. Connect the brown wire to the brown (live) in the house wiring and the blue wire to the blue (neutral). NO CONNECTION SHOULD BE MADE TO THE MAINS ELECTRICITY SUPPLY EARTH TERMINAL. TERMINATE HOUSE WIRING EARTH IN SPARE CONNECTOR.
3. For multiple alarm installations use a "three core and earth" style cable between all the alarms to be interconnected and connect the third core of that cable to the white wire from the smoke alarm. DO NOT use the earth wire for the interconnect line. This must be treated as live, i.e. insulated and sheathed. If the alarm is not going to be interconnected, cap the unused wires.
4. Remove the baseplate from the back of the alarm by twisting anti-clockwise as far as it will go. (about 12 mm). Detach the locking pin.

670MBX, 660MBX & 690MBX Detach battery door screw from the base plate. Open the battery door on the back of the alarm, connect the battery, close the door and secure with the screw provided before fitting the alarm to the baseplate. Test the alarm using the test button.

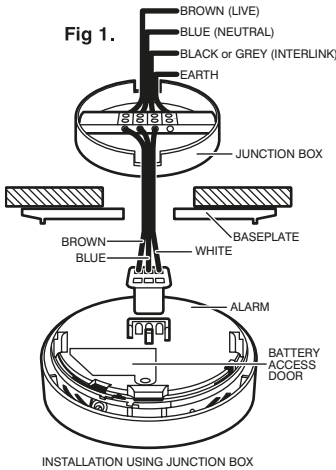
5. Attach the flat side of the mounting plate and tighten screws to fit snugly against the pattress or junction box and ceiling or wall.
6. Bring the power connector through the centre opening of the plate.
7. Plug the lead into the rear of the alarm.
8. Place the alarm on the baseplate by lining up arrows on the baseplate and the alarm rim and twist clockwise to fasten.

To secure the alarm to the baseplate, insert the locking pin (removed from the base in 5 above) into the "T" shaped slot located above the arrow on the rim of the alarm.

LOCKING PINS / KEYS MUST BE FITTED. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE THE ALARM FROM THE BASEPLATE WITHOUT FIRST REMOVING THEM.

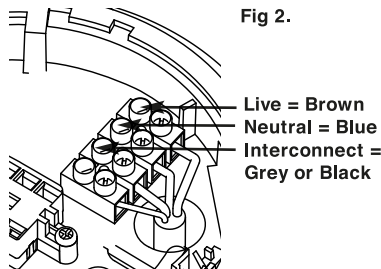
### For 770, 760, 790 series alarms with DS700 docking base.

1. Connect the brown (live) in the house wiring to connector Land the house blue wire (Neutral) to connector N. NO CONNECTION SHOULD BE MADE TO THE MAINS ELECTRICITY SUPPLY EARTH TERMINAL. TERMINATE HOUSE WIRING EARTH IN SPARE CONNECTOR MARKED E. See Fig 2
2. For multiple alarm installations use a "three core and earth" style cable between all the alarms to be interconnected and connect the third core of that cable to connector marked I. DO NOT use the earth wire for the interconnect line. This must be treated as live, i.e. insulated and sheathed.
3. For 670MBX, 660MBX and 690MBX Open the battery door on the back of the alarm, connect the battery, close the battery drawer and secure with the screw provided. Test the alarm using the test button.
4. Locate the molded arrow on the side of the base and smoke alarm see fig 3. Position the smoke alarm just below the base with both arrows in the same



orientation and locate the alarm onto the base by gently applying pressure until the alarm 'clicks' into place.

5. Switch on the mains electricity supply.
6. Check that the green light is on and that the red light is flashing every 45 seconds or so. The lights are located behind the grille on the front of the alarm.
7. Press and hold the test button until the alarm sounds. NOTE: On the 660 & 670 series, pressing this button places the alarm in silence mode.



## SYSTEMS OF MORE THAN ONE ALARM

Test each alarm in the system checking that all other alarms in the system are triggered within 10 seconds.

### WARNING

Do not attempt to test the alarm with flame heat or smoke, the results may be misleading and may damage the alarm.

The dust cover must be removed as late as possible before commissioning. This will reduce the chances of the alarm being contaminated by building dust etc.

Remove the alarm from the system before testing the wiring with high voltage insulation testing equipment otherwise this will damage the alarm and will invalidate the warranty.

## C: WHERE TO LOCATE

1. As a minimum smoke alarms should be located between sleeping areas and potential sources of fire such as living rooms and kitchens. In single storey homes with one sleeping area a smoke alarm should be installed in the hallway as close as possible to the living accommodation. To ensure audibility in the bedrooms it may be necessary to install more than one smoke alarm, particularly if the hallway is more than 15m long. In single storey homes with two separate sleeping areas, a minimum of two smoke alarms is required, one outside each sleeping area. In multilevel or split level homes as a minimum a smoke alarm should be installed on the ground floor between the staircase and any rooms in which a fire might start and on each storey in circulation areas which form part of the escape route (normally hallways and landings).
- NOTE:** Heat alarms should not be used in escape routes instead of smoke alarms. They should only be used in the applications listed below in addition to smoke alarms and should always be interconnected to smoke alarms.
2. Additional alarms should be installed in bedrooms in anticipation of fires originating there, caused by faulty wiring, lights, appliances, smokers or other hazards.
3. For best protection, smoke alarms should be installed in every room in your home, apart from those listed in the 'LOCATIONS TO AVOID' section. Heat alarms should be used in kitchens, boiler rooms, laundry rooms, garages and such like where smoke alarms would be unsuitable. All alarms must be interconnected.
4. Install smoke alarms in circulation areas at a distance no greater than 7.5m from the farthest wall, no greater than 7.5m from a door to any room in which a fire might start and no greater than 7.5m from the next smoke alarm.
5. When heat alarms are installed in a room, they should be at a distance no greater than 5.3m from the farthest wall no greater than 5.3m from a door to any room in which a fire might start and no greater than 5.3m from the next heat or smoke alarm.
6. As it is impossible to predict the source of a fire the best location for an alarm is the centre of the room or hallway. If it is necessary to locate the smoke alarm on a wall always locate the detection element of the alarm 150mm to 300mm (6 to 12 inches) below the ceiling and the bottom of the alarm above the level of doors and other openings.
- NOTE: Heat alarms should not be wall mounted.**
7. In rooms with simple sloped, peaked or gabled ceilings install smoke alarms 900mm (3 feet) from the highest point of the ceiling. 'Dead air' at the peak of the ceiling may prevent smoke from reaching the alarm in time to provide an early warning.
8. Closed doors and other obstructions will interfere with the path of smoke and heat to

**WARNING:** IF THERE IS ANY QUESTION AS TO THE CAUSE OF AN ALARM, ALWAYS ASSUME THAT IT IS DUE TO AN ACTUAL FIRE AND FOLLOW YOUR FIRE EMERGENCY PLANS. Do not assume the alarm is a nuisance alarm and activate alarm pause (if fitted).

Dust can have an adverse effect. Vacuum as recommended above. Do not paint the unit.

Other factors such as nicotine contamination may also adversely affect the alarm.

### Disposal

This product, the batteries and other accessories must not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste and must be collected separately at the end of the products life. Contact your local authority for information about collection points in your area.

### Limited warranty

BRK products ("the BRK Brands Europe Ltd products") as distributed by Sprue Safety Products Ltd ("the Distributor"), are warranted by the Distributor to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of five years from the date of purchase. Neither the Distributor nor BRK Brands Europe Ltd make any guarantees for this product. No agent, representative, dealer or employee of the Distributor or BRK Brands Europe Ltd has the authority to increase or alter the obligations or limitations of the warranty. The Distributor's obligation of this warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of any part of the smoke or heat alarm which is found to be defective in materials or workmanship under normal use and service during the five year period commencing from date of purchase. The Distributor shall not be obligated to repair or replace smoke or heat alarms which are found to be in need of repair because of damage, unreasonable use, modifications or alterations occurring after the date of purchase. This warranty does not affect a customer's statutory rights in any way.

### How to obtain warranty service

If service is required, return the product to your retailer. The Distributor makes no guarantee, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery. YOUR ALARM IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR PROPERTY, DISABILITY OR OTHER INSURANCE OF ANY KIND. APPROPRIATE COVERAGE IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY. CONSULT YOUR AGENT. In the event of a problem with your alarm or you have any questions concerning its use; care and service please consult this manual.

If you require any further help or clarification please write to:

**Sprue Safety Products Ltd, Unit 6, Carter Court - Davy Way  
Waterwells Business Park, Quedgeley, Gloucester, GL2 2DE, United Kingdom  
or phone our Helpline on: +44 (0) 800 141 2561 | [www.brkelectronics.eu](http://www.brkelectronics.eu)**

**Please note that specifications may be subject to change**

## PLEASE KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SAFE PLACE

**Models:**  
**670MBX, 670MRL,  
770MBX, 770MRL**



**Models:**  
**660MBX, 660MRL,  
760MBX, 760MRL**



**Models:**  
**690MBX, 690MRL,  
790MBX, 790MRL**

